

GUIDED READING Moving Toward Conflict

A. As you read this section, take notes to answer questions about how the United States slowly became involved in a war in Vietnam.

1941	Vietminh is ——— formed.	1. What did the Vietminh declare as its main goal?	
1945	Japan is forced	2. What did Ho Chi Minh declare after Japan was forced out?	
1946	French troops	3. How did Ho Chi Minh respond to the return of the French?	
1950	U.S. begins its	4. Whom did the U.S. support?	5. What aid did the U.S. provide?
	Vietnam struggle.	6. Why did the U.S. get involved in the struggle?	
1954	Eisenhower	7. What did Eisenhower compare to a row of dominoes?	
	Vietminh over	8. What did this Vietminh victory cause the French to do?	
	Geneva Accords —> 9. How did the Geneva Accords change V are reached.		e Vietnam?
1956	Elections are —> canceled.	10. Who canceled the Vietnamese elections? Why?	
1957	Vietcong begins attacks on Diem government.		
1963	Diem is overthrown.	11. What authority did the Tonkin Gulf Resolution grant to the U.S. president?	
1964	U.S. Congress		
1965	Operation	12. What did Operation Rolling Thunder do in North Vietnam?	

B. On the back of this paper, explain the importance of the **Ho Chi Minh Trail** in the Vietnam WaPDF is stamped with ARTS PDF Stamper



RETEACHING ACTIVITY Moving Toward Conflict

Summarizing

A. Complete the chart below by explaining how each administration increased America's involvement in Vietnam.

Administration	Action
Truman	
Eisenhower	
Kennedy	
Johnson	
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Finding Main Ideas

- **B.** Answer the following questions in the space provided.
 - 1. What prompted the war between the Vietminh and the French?
 - 2. What were the terms of the Geneva Accords?

3. What was the Tonkin Gulf Resolution?

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